



# Advance Parole During COVID-19

# Permiso de Viaje Durante COVID-19



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01



# Agenda

## Today's Discussion

## Discusión de hoy

What is Advance Parole (AP)

How do you apply?

Benefits to using AP

CDC Travel Restrictions

What it means when traveling with AP under the restrictions

Questions

Permiso de Viaje

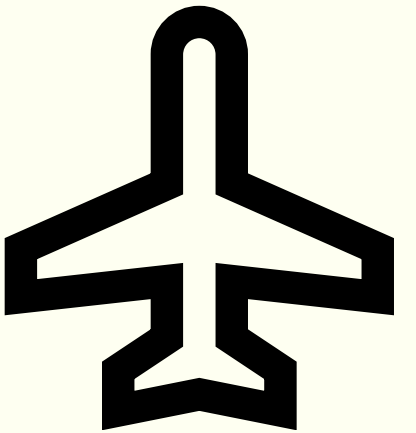
Como aplicar

Los Beneficios

Restricciones de viaje del CDC

Qué significa viajar con bajo las restricciones

Preguntas





# What is Advance Parole (AP)?

## ¿Qué es un permiso de viaje?

Permission to travel outside of the U.S.

Permiso para viajar fuera de EE. UU.



Does not guarantee re-entry into the U.S.  
No garantiza el reingreso a los EE. UU.



# 3 Categories / Categorías



## Employment Empleo

**Reason:**

overseas assignments, interviews, conferences, or trainings

**Razón:**

Su empleo lo manda a entrevistas, conferencias, o reuniones de trabajo fuera de los EE. UU.



## Academic Academicas

**Reason:**

study abroad programs or research

**Razón:**

programas de estudio o investigación en el extranjero



## Humanitarian Humanitaria

**Reason:**

Obtain medical treatment, attend funeral services, or visit a sick relative.

**Razón:**

Obtener tratamiento médico, asistir un funerario o visitar a un familiar enfermo.

More common / Mas comun



# How to apply?

## ¿Cómo aplicar?



## Gather documentation/ Reúna documentación

You need to prove reason for traveling

- Employer Letter / Carta del empleador
- Acceptance letter to study abroad program / Aceptación a un programa de estudios en el extranjero
- Medical Letter + proof of relationship with relative/ Carta médica + comprobante de parentesco con familiar

## Fill Forms/ Rellenar formularios

- Costs / Costo \$575
- I-131, Application for Travel Document
- 2 passport photos / fotos tipo passaporte
- Identity document / documento de identidad

Consult with attorney if you have any arrests

Consulte con un abogado si tiene algún arresto



# How to apply?

## ¿Cómo aplicar?



## Submit Application / Someter Solicitud

- Emergency Info Pass Appointment- Same day decision
- Mail to USCIS - Decision in 4-6 months
- Keep a copy of your application
- Officials have discretion as to who they approve
- Emergency Info Pass Appointment- Decisión el mismo día
- Envíe por correo a USCIS -Decisión en 4-6 meses
- Conserve una copia de su solicitud
- Los oficiales tienen discreción sobre a quién aprueban

## Prepare for your travels / Prepárate para tu viaje

Have a copy of all your documents

- Work permit
- Approval Notices
- Identification
- AP application
- Copy of your AP document

Tenga una copia de su

- Permiso de Trabajo
- Avisos de aprobación
- Identificación
- Solicitud de permiso de viaje
- Copia de su documento de viaje

**Department of Homeland Security**  
U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services

**AUTHORIZATION FOR PAROLE OF AN ALIEN INTO THE UNITED STATES**

Name of Alien: (First) (Middle) (Last)			Date:
[REDACTED]			[REDACTED]
			File Number:
			[REDACTED]
Date of Birth: (Month) (Day) (Year)	Place of Birth: (City or Town) (State or Province) (Country)		
[REDACTED]	<b>MEXICO</b>		
U.S. Address: (Apt. Number and/or in Care of) (Number and Street)		(City or Town)	(State) (ZIP Code)
[REDACTED]		[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]

**TRAVEL AUTHORIZATION:** Presentation of the original of this document authorizes a transportation line to accept the named bearer on board for travel to the United States without liability under section 273 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (INA) for bringing an alien who does not have a visa.

**PAROLE:** The named bearer of this authorization is an individual whose removal has been deferred under the Secretary of Homeland Security's June 15, 2012, memorandum authorizing Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA). The named bearer departed the United States temporarily and intends to return to the United States. Presentation of the original of this document prior to February 05, 2017 allows a Customs and Border Protection (CBP) Inspector at a port-of-entry to parole the named bearer, whose photograph appears on this authorization, into the United States based on the parole authority contained in INA 212(d)(5)(A). This authorization is valid for one request for parole during the validity period noted above. Each parole period shall not exceed one day from the date of parole at the port-of-entry. Please note: this document does not guarantee that a named bearer will be paroled into the United States. CBP has discretion to deny a request for parole.

**NOTICE - READ BEFORE YOU TRAVEL ABROAD**

**Parole is not admission into the United States.** Presentation of this authorization will allow a CBP Inspector at a port-of-entry to parole you into the United States. If CBP paroles you into the United States, your case will generally continue to be deferred. The deferral will continue until the date specified by USCIS or Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE) in your deferral notice or until the decision to defer removal action in your case has been terminated, whichever is earlier. Parole is not "admission," so even while you are paroled you will remain an "applicant for admission." If you are found inadmissible, you will need to apply and qualify for a waiver of inadmissibility. If your waiver application is denied, you may be subject to removal proceedings as an inadmissible alien under 235(b)(1) or 240 of the Act.


**Parole into the United States is not guaranteed.** In all cases, you are still subject to immigration inspection at a port-of-entry to determine whether you are eligible to come into the United States via the terms of this document. Even if you have previously been granted parole, the Department of Homeland Security retains discretion to deny you parole if the Department determines approving your parole application would not serve the public interest of the United States.

**DHS can revoke or terminate your advance parole document at any time.** If you are outside the United States when you are notified that DHS has revoked or terminated your advance parole document, the revocation or termination of your advance parole document may leave you unable to return to the United States unless you have a valid visa or other document that permits you to travel to the United States and seek admission. If you are in the United States when DHS revokes or terminates your parole, you will return to the status of an unparoled applicant for admission, and you may be subject to removal under INA section 212, rather than INA section 237.

**Travel Warnings**  
Leaving the United States, even with your advance parole document, may impact your ability to return to the United States.

If you have been ordered deported or removed, departing from the United States without having had your exclusion, deportation, or removal proceedings reopened and administratively closed or terminated will result in your being considered excluded, deported or removed, with potentially serious future immigration consequences, even if USCIS or ICE has deferred action in your case. If you have been unlawfully present in the United States, you may want to ask an immigration attorney or a representative at an immigrant assistance organization accredited by the Board of Immigration Appeals (BIA), whether leaving the United States would make you inadmissible and therefore ineligible for adjustment of status. Under section 212(a)(9)(B)(i) of the Act, aliens who depart the United States after being unlawfully present in the United States for certain periods may become subject to new or additional grounds of inadmissibility because of their travel abroad.

**Inadmissibility in general.** If you have concerns about admissibility and waivers you should contact an immigration attorney or an immigrant assistance organization accredited by the BIA before making foreign travel plans.



Phyllis A. Coven  
District Director

New York Field Office / New York District

Authorizing Office / NUN

**PAROLE STAMP**

Form I-512 (Rev. 08-11-16)Y

TO ALIEN

# Sample

# Muestra

You cannot re-enter after your deadline.

No puede volver a ingresar después de su fecha límite



# Re-entry Reentrada

## Returning to the U.S / Regresando a los EE. UU.

- Your passport will be stamped
- Scan all the pages of your passport including the stamped page
- Get your I-94 admission record
- Se sellará su pasaporte
- Escanee todas las páginas de su pasaporte, incluida la página sellada
- Obtenga su registro de admisión I-94



**U.S. Customs and Border Protection**  
Securing America's Borders

**Most Recent I-94**

Admission (I-94) Record Number : 51415565885  
Most Recent Date of Entry: 2017 July 25  
Class of Admission **F1**  
Admit Until Date **D/S**  
Details provided on the I-94 Information form:

Last/Surname : [REDACTED]  
First (Given) Name : [REDACTED]  
Birth Date : [REDACTED]  
Passport Number : [REDACTED]  
Country of Issuance : **China**





## Traveling / El viaje

Reuniting with family, home country, sightseeing etc.

Reunirse con la familia y su país , turismo, etc.

### "Fixes" previous entry / Corrige entrada anterior

When you re-enter the country with advance parole your passport gets stamped. This "fixes" your entry if you entered without inspection into the U.S. (Crossed the border, used some elses' docs)

Cuando regresara los EE.UU con permiso, se sella el pasaporte. Esto "corrige" su entrada, si ingresó sin inspección a los EE. UU. (Cruzó la frontera, usó documentos de otras personas)

11

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# Benefits to Traveling with AP

# Beneficios de Viajar con un Permiso



# Why does it matter?

## ¿Por qué importa?

### No Proof of Entry

- No green card in the U.S. through family member or employer.

### Sin comprobante de entrada

- No puede obtener residencia en los EE. UU. A través de un familiar o empleador

### Proof of Entry

- May be able to get a green card in the U.S. through a USC family member

### Con comprobante de entrada

- Es posible que pueda obtener residencia en los EE. UU. A través de un miembro de la familiar ciudadano



**Talk to an attorney to see if this  
is something that could benefit  
you**

**Hable con un abogado para ver  
si esto es algo que podría  
beneficiarlo**



## Reminder there is still a pandemic...

Perhaps not the best time to travel...

## Recordatorio de que aun hay una pandemia...

Quizás no es el mejor momento para viajar....





# New COVID-19 Travel Rule

# Nueva Regla de Viaje COVID-19





# What it says / Lo qué dice

Starting January 26, 2021, **everyone** two years or older traveling internationally to the U.S is **required** to show proof of:

- a negative COVID-19 test **or**
- recovery from COVID-19 **before** boarding to the U.S.

Without this passengers will be **denied**.



A partir del 26 de enero de 2021, **todas las personas** mayor de dos años que viajen internacionalmente a los EE. UU. **Deben** mostrar un comprobante de:

- una prueba COVID-19 negativa o
- recuperación de COVID-19 **Antes** de abordar a los EE. UU.

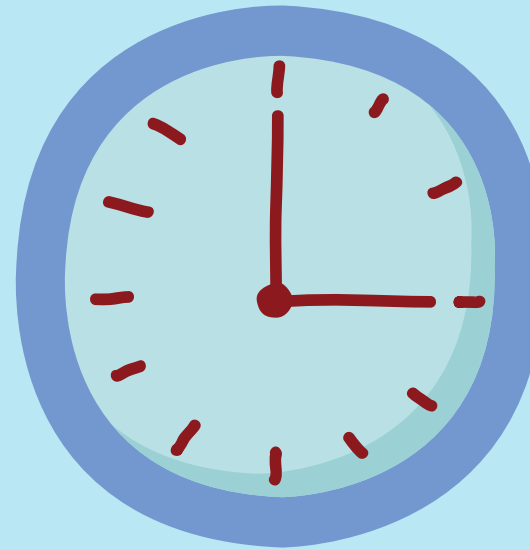
Sin esto, **se negará** a los pasajeros.

# What it means when traveling with AP

## Qué significa cuando se viaje con un permiso

AP provides a limited time to travel. The new rule can create delays and consequences like getting stuck abroad. Consider **all risks** before departing the U.S!

**What are the risks?**



Un permiso de viaje proporciona un tiempo limitado para viajar. La nueva regla puede generar retrasos y consecuencias, como quedarse atascado en el extranjero.

¡Considere **todos los riesgos** antes de partir de los EE. UU.!

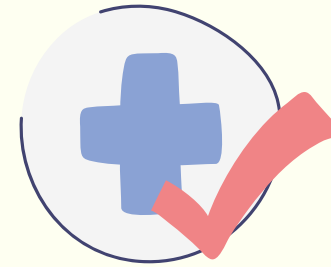
**¿Cuáles son los riesgos?**

# Risks / Riesgos

## You get sick or get someone sick

During your arrival and/or during re-entry.  
New variants (U.K, South African, Brazil, and California) more contagious.

There is a Travel Ban in effect restricting travel from the U.K., Brazil, South Africa, Ireland, Schengen area.



## Te enfermas o enfermas a alguien

Durante su llegada y / o durante el reingreso.  
Nuevas variantes (Reino Unido, Brasil sudafricano y California) que son mas contagious

Existe un efecto de prohibición que restringe los viajes desde el Reino Unido, Brasil, Sudáfrica, Irlanda y el área Schengen.

## You get sick and test (+) before your flight

Extended stay – and possibly get stuck outside the U.S if you do not re-enter before your advance parole expires



## Te enfermas y pruebas (+) antes de tu vuelo

Estadía prolongada, y posiblemente quedar atrapado fuera de los EE. UU. si no vuelve a ingresar antes de que expire su permiso anticipado





# Risks / Riesgos

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## Finding a reputable place to get tested outside the U.S.

Make sure you have a site where you plan to get tested before departing the U.S in order to avoid delays.



## Encontrar un lugar de buena reputación para hacerse la prueba fuera de los EE. UU.

Asegúrese de que tiene un sitio donde planea hacerse la prueba antes de salir de los EE. UU. para evitar retrasos.

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## Proving recovery from COVID if you get sick

Bring your positive test result and a letter from your health care provider or a public health official that says you have been cleared for travel

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## Cómo demostrar que se recuperé del COVID-19

Traiga el resultado positivo de su prueba y una carta de su proveedor de atención médica o de un funcionario de salud pública que diga que ha sido autorizado para viajar

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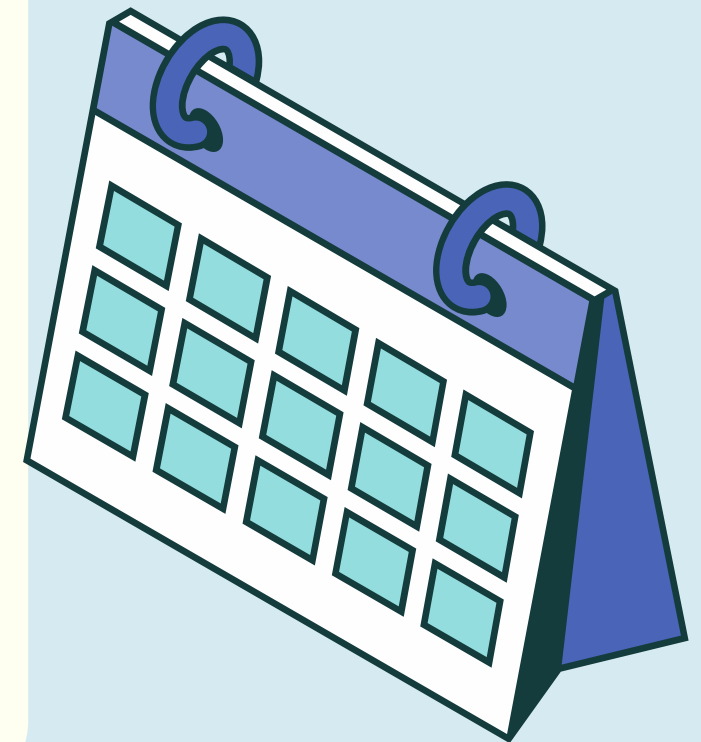
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**Reminder DACA will be here for at least  
the next 4 years...**

**There will be more time to travel**

**Recordatorio DACA estará aquí durante  
al menos los próximos 4 años...**

**Habrá tiempo para viajar**



# FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS

## What kind of test do I need and when?

Travelers must get a viral test – antigen tests and nucleic acid amplification tests, antibody tests do not qualify– **no more** than three days **before** their flight departs and **bring** paper or electronic **proof** to the airport. Those who have tested positive for the virus within the past three months before travel can bypass the test requirement if they bring proof they have recovered from the virus and are cleared to travel by a licensed health care provider or health official.

## How am I going to find a reputable place to get tested in a foreign country?

Look for guidance from airlines, hotels, tourism bureaus and health care providers. If you decide to travel with advance parole make sure you have a site where you plan to get tested before departing the U.S in order to avoid delays.

## What if I take the test before my flight and I'm positive?

You will have an extended stay – and possibly get stuck outside the U.S if you do not re-enter before your advance parole expires. It is imperative to plan accordingly. Having a test site before departing, have a return flight days before your advance parole expires.

## How can I prove I recovered from COVID-19?

Bring your positive test result and a letter from your health care provider or a public health official that says you have been cleared for travel, the CDC says.

## Who is going to enforce this?

Airlines, they will ask for proof at check-in. The CDC says passengers without negative test results or proof they have recovered from COVID-19 will be denied boarding. Those who provide false information are subject to criminal fines and imprisonment, the agency said.



# PREGUNTAS FRECUENTES

## ¿Qué tipo de prueba necesito y cuándo?

Los viajeros deben someterse a una prueba viral (pruebas de antígenos y pruebas de amplificación de ácido nucleico, las pruebas de anticuerpos no califican) **no más de tres días antes** de la salida de su vuelo y **llevar comprobante** (en papel o electrónicamente) al aeropuerto.

Aquellos que han dado positivo por el virus en los últimos tres meses antes de viajar pueden evadir el requisito de la prueba si traen prueba de que se han recuperado del virus y están autorizados para viajar por un proveedor de atención médica autorizado o un funcionario de salud.

## ¿Cómo voy a encontrar un lugar de buena reputación para hacerme la prueba en un país extranjero?

Busque orientación de aerolíneas, hoteles, oficinas de turismo y proveedores de atención médica. Si decide viajar con un permiso de viaje, para evitar demoras asegúrese de tener un sitio donde planea hacerse la prueba (haga una cita si es posible) **antes** de salir de los EE. UU.

## ¿Qué pasa si hago el examen antes de mi vuelo de regreso a los EE.UU y salgo positivo?

Tendrá una estadía prolongada y posiblemente se quede atrapado fuera de los EE. UU. Si no vuelve a ingresar **antes** de que expire su permiso de viaje. Es importante planificar su viaje en caso de que algo lleve más tiempo del planeado. Tener un sitio de prueba antes de partir, tener un vuelo de regreso días antes de que expire su permiso anticipado.

## ¿Cómo puedo demostrar que me recuperé del COVID-19?

Traiga el resultado positivo de su prueba y una carta de su proveedor de atención médica o de un funcionario de salud pública que diga que ha sido autorizado para viajar, dicen los CDC.



**I've had a COVID-19 vaccine. Am I exempt? No.**



**How long will this requirement be in place?**

No timeline was announced, but expect it to be in place as long as the virus is surging.

**Do passengers on flights from the U.S. Virgin Islands and Puerto Rico have to get tested?**



No. U.S. territories are excluded from the CDC requirement. States and territories may have their own travel restrictions.

**How much time should I ask for in terms of travel outside of the U.S.?**

You should ask for more time than you expect to travel in case of emergencies, ie., missed or canceled flights. For example, if you are traveling for 2 weeks, ask for 6 weeks.



**How will the Texas case challenging the legality of DACA impact my ability to travel?**

Be sure to consult with an attorney and track any new legal updates before you depart the U.S.



**Can I leave the U.S. before advance parole is approved?**

No. Granting advance parole to a person outside of the U.S. is rare. You must complete the application process and leave with an approved original document.

**¿Quién va a hacer cumplir esta regla?**

Aerolíneas, pedirán prueba durante el proceso de registracion. El CDC dice que se negará el embarque a los pasajeros sin resultados de prueba negativos o prueba de que se han recuperado del COVID-19. Aquellos que brinden información falsa están sujetos a multas penales y encarcelamiento, dijo la agencia.



**Me pusieron la vacuna COVID-19. ¿Estoy exento? No.**



**¿Cuánto tiempo estará vigente este requisito?**

No se anunció un tiempo fijo, pero se espera que esté vigente mientras el virus esté aumentando.

**¿Los pasajeros de vuelos desde las Islas Vírgenes de EE. UU. y Puerto Rico tienen que hacerse la prueba?**

No. Los territorios de EE. UU. Están excluidos del requisito de los CDC. Los estados y territorios pueden tener sus propias restricciones de viaje.



**¿Cuánto tiempo debo pedir en términos de viajar fuera de los EE. UU.?**

Debe solicitar más tiempo del que espera para viajar en caso de emergencias, es decir, vuelos perdidos o cancelados. Por ejemplo, si viaja por 2 semanas, solicite 6 semanas.

**¿Cómo afectará el caso de Texas que cuestiona la legalidad de DACA en mi capacidad para viajar?**

Asegúrese de consultar con un abogado y realizar un seguimiento de las nuevas actualizaciones legales antes de salir de los EE. UU.



**¿Puedo salir de los EE. UU. Antes de que se apruebe el permiso de viaje?**

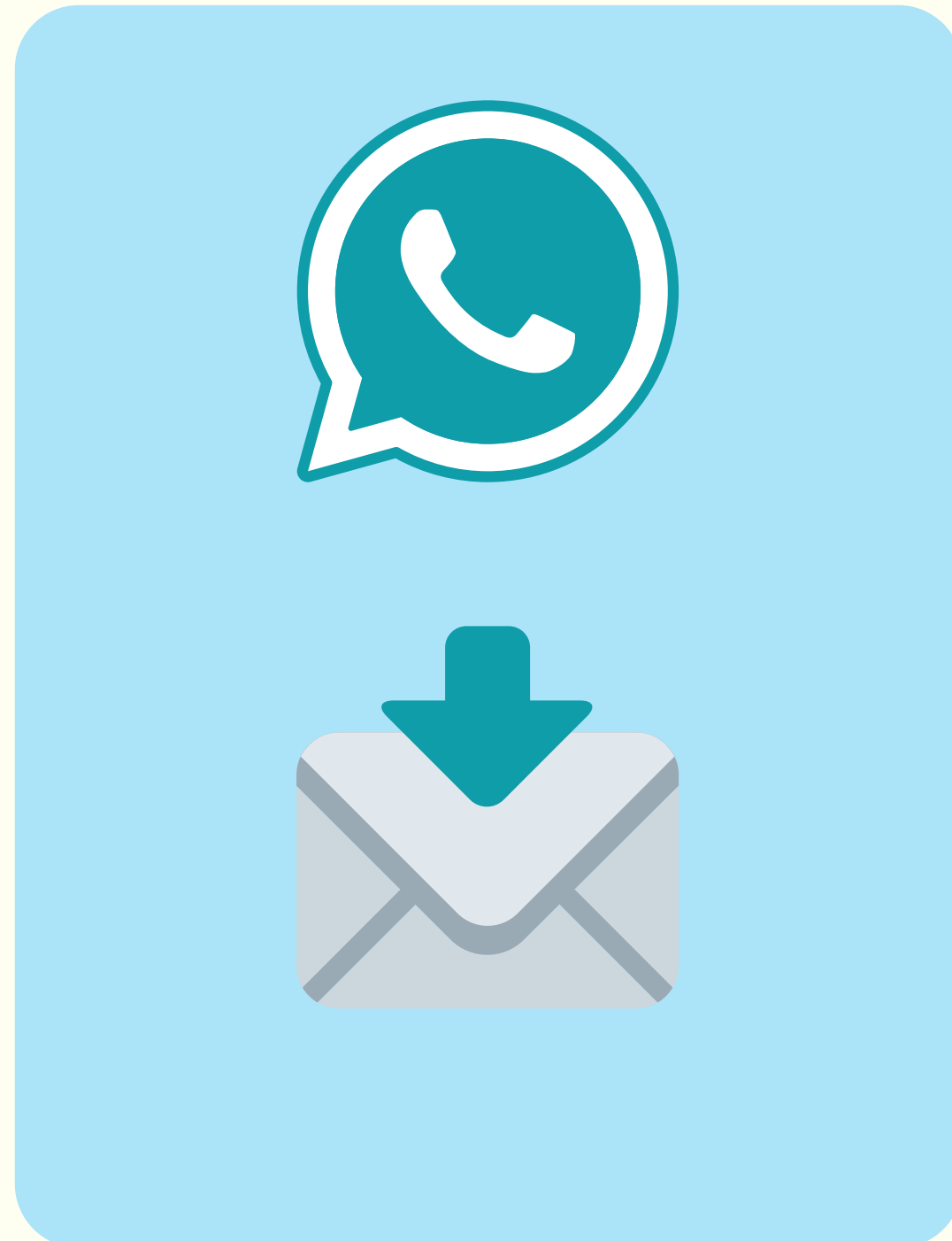
No. Es raro otorgar un permiso de viaje a una persona fuera de los EE. UU. Debe completar el proceso de solicitud y salir con un documento original aprobado.



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# Questions Preguntas





# Contact Information

How to get in touch

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